

Table: Activity

Column Name	Type
machine_id	int
process_id	int
activity_type	enum
timestamp	float

The table shows the user activities for a factory website.

(machine\_id, process\_id, activity\_type) is the primary key of this table.

machine\_id is the ID of a machine.

process\_id is the ID of a process running on the machine with ID machine\_id.

activity\_type is an ENUM of type ('start', 'end').

timestamp is a float representing the current time in seconds.

'start' means the machine starts the process at the given timestamp and 'end' means the machine ends the process at the given timestamp.

The 'start' timestamp will always be before the 'end' timestamp for every (machine\_id, process\_id) pair.

There is a factory website that has several machines each running the same number of processes.

The time to complete a process is the 'end' timestamp minus the 'start' timestamp.

The resulting table should have the 'machine\_id' along with the average time as 'processing\_time'.

Return the result table in any order.

The query result format is in the following example.

**Example 1:**

Input: Activity table:

machine_id	process_id	activity_type	timestamp
0	0	start	0.712
0	0	end	1.520
0	1	start	3.140
0	1	end	4.120
1	0	start	0.550
1	0	end	1.550
1	1	start	0.430
1	1	end	1.420
2	0	start	4.100
2	0	end	4.512
2	1	start	2.500
2	1	end	5.000

Output:

machine_id	processing_time
0	0.894
1	0.995
2	1.456

Explanation: There are 3 machines running 2 processes each. Machine 0's average time is ((1.520 - 0.712) + (4.120 - 3.140)) / 2 = 0.894.

$/ 2 = 0.894$  Machine 1's average time is  $((1.550 - 0.550) + (1.420 - 0.430)) / 2$   
 $= 0.995$  Machine 2's average time is  $((4.512 - 4.100) + (5.000 - 2.500)) / 2 =$   
 $1.456$  “