Table: `Employees`

```
+-------------+---------+
| Column Name | Type    |
+-------------+---------+
| employee_id | int     |
| name        | varchar |
+-------------+---------+
```
employee_id is the primary key for this table.
Each row of this table indicates the name of the employee whose ID is employee_id.

Table: `Salaries`

```
+-------------+---------+
| Column Name | Type    |
+-------------+---------+
| employee_id | int     |
| salary      | int     |
+-------------+---------+
```
employee_id is the primary key for this table.
Each row of this table indicates the salary of the employee whose ID is employee_id.

Write an SQL query to report the IDs of all the employees with **missing information**. The information of an employee is missing if:

The employee's **name** is missing, or

The employee's **salary** is missing.

Return the result table ordered by `employee_id` **in ascending order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:**

```
Input:
Employees table:
+-------------+----------+
| employee_id | name     |
+-------------+----------+
| 2           | Crew     |
| 4           | Haven    |
| 5           | Kristian |
+-------------+----------+
```

1

```
Salaries table:
+-------------+--------+
| employee_id | salary |
+-------------+--------+
| 5           | 76071  |
| 1           | 22517  |
| 4           | 63539  |
+-------------+--------+
Output:
+-------------+
| employee_id |
+-------------+
| 1           |
| 2           |
+-------------+
```
Explanation:
Employees 1, 2, 4, and 5 are working at this company.
The name of employee 1 is missing.
The salary of employee 2 is missing.