Table: `SurveyLog`

```
+-------------+------+
| Column Name | Type |
+-------------+------+
| id          | int  |
| action      | ENUM |
| question_id | int  |
| answer_id   | int  |
| q_num       | int  |
| timestamp   | int  |
+-------------+------+
```
There is no primary key for this table. It may contain duplicates.
action is an ENUM of the type: "show", "answer", or "skip".
Each row of this table indicates the user with ID = id has taken an action with the question
If the action taken by the user is "answer", answer_id will contain the id of that answer, c
q_num is the numeral order of the question in the current session.

The **answer rate** for a question is the number of times a user answered the question by the number of times a user showed the question.

Write an SQL query to report the question that has the highest **answer rate**. If multiple questions have the same maximum **answer rate**, report the question with the smallest `question_id`.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:**

" '

Input: SurveyLog table: +—-+———+————-+———+——-+———+ | id | action | question_id | answer_id | q_num | timestamp | +—-+———+———-+———+—-+———+ | 5 | show | 285 | null | 1 | 123 | | 5 | answer | 285 | 124124 | 1 | 124 | | 5 | show | 369 | null | 2 | 125 | | 5 | skip | 369 | null | 2 | 126 | +—-+———+————-+———+—-+———+ Output: +————-+ | survey_log | +————+ | 285 | +————+ Explanation: Question 285 was showed 1 time and answered 1 time. The answer rate of question 285 is 1.0 Question 369 was showed 1 time and was not answered. The answer rate of question 369 is 0.0 Question 285 has the highest answer rate." '