Table: Submissions

Column Name	I Type	İ
sub_id   parent_id	int   int	 

There is no primary key for this table, it may have duplicate rows. Each row can be a post or comment on the post. parent\_id is null for posts.

parent\_id for comments is sub\_id for another post in the table.

Write an SQL query to find the number of comments per post. The result table should contain post\_id and its corresponding number\_of\_comments.

The Submissions table may contain duplicate comments. You should count the number of **unique comments** per post.

The  ${\tt Submissions}$  table may contain duplicate posts. You should treat them as one post.

The result table should be **ordered** by **post\_id** in **ascending order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:\*\*

Input:
Submissions table:

+-		+-		-+
1	sub_id	I	parent_id	1
+-		+-		+-
1	1	l	Null	1
-	2	l	Null	-
-	1	l	Null	-
-	12	l	Null	-
	3		1	
	5		2	
1	3	l	1	1
1	4	l	1	1
-	9	l	1	-
1	10	l	2	1
1	6	l	7	1
+-		+-		-+

## Output:

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	post_id	  -	number_of_comments	
	1		3	1
Ī	2	Ī	2	Ī
1	12	1	0	1

## Explanation:

The post with id 1 has three comments in the table with id 3, 4, and 9. The comment with id The post with id 2 has two comments in the table with id 5 and 10.

The post with id 12 has no comments in the table.

The comment with id 6 is a comment on a deleted post with id 7 so we ignored it.