Table: Project

```
+-------------+---------+
| Column Name | Type    |
+-------------+---------+
| project_id  | int     |
| employee_id | int     |
+-------------+---------+
(project_id, employee_id) is the primary key of this table.
employee_id is a foreign key to Employee table.
Each row of this table indicates that the employee with employee_id is working on the projec
```

Table: Employee

```
+------------------+---------+
| Column Name      | Type    |
+------------------+---------+
| employee_id      | int     |
| name             | varchar |
| experience_years | int     |
+------------------+---------+
employee_id is the primary key of this table. It&#39;s guaranteed that experience_years is n
Each row of this table contains information about one employee.
```

Write an SQL query that reports the **average** experience years of all the employees for each project, **rounded to 2 digits**.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:**

```
Input:
Project table:
+-------------+-------------+
| project_id  | employee_id |
+-------------+-------------+
| 1           | 1           |
| 1           | 2           |
| 1           | 3           |
| 2           | 1           |
| 2           | 4           |
```

+-------------+-------------+

Employee table:

employee_id	name	experience_years
1	Khaled	3
2	Ali	2
3	John	1
4	Doe	2

Output:

project_id	average_years
1	2.00
2	2.50

Explanation: The average experience years for the first project is (3 + 2 + 1) / 3 = 2.00 ar