Table: Product

	_ :
Column Name   T	Гуре I 
product_id   i	

product\_id is the primary key of this table.

Each row of this table indicates the name and the price of each product.

Table: Sales

+	+-		+
Column Name	1	Туре	1
+	+-		+
seller_id		int	- 1
product_id		int	
buyer_id	1	int	- 1
sale_date		date	
quantity		int	- 1
price		int	
+	-4-		+

This table has no primary key, it can have repeated rows. product\_id is a foreign key to the Product table. Each row of this table contains some information about one sale.

Write an SQL query that reports the **products** that were **only** sold in the first quarter of 2019. That is, between 2019-01-01 and 2019-03-31 inclusive.

Return the result table in any order.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:\*\*

## Input:

Product table:

+-		+-		+-		-+
	-		product_name			
	 1	:		:	1000	1
- 1	1		DO	1	1000	- 1

	2	G4	800	
1	3	iPhone	1400	
4			 	

## Sales table:

seller_id	product_id	buyer_id	+   sale_date +	quantity	   price
1   1   2	1 1 2	1   2   3	2019-01-21   2019-02-17   2019-06-02   2019-05-13	2   1   1	2000     800     800

## Output:

product_id			
1	•	S8	

## Explanation:

The product with id 1 was only sold in the spring of 2019.

The product with id 2 was sold in the spring of 2019 but was also sold after the spring of 2019.

We return only product 1 as it is the product that was only sold in the spring of 2019.