

Table: Olympic

Column Name	Type
country	varchar
gold_medals	int
silver_medals	int
bronze_medals	int

country is the primary key for this table.

Each row in this table shows a country name and the number of gold, silver, and bronze medals.

The Olympic table is sorted according to the following rules:

The country with more gold medals comes first.

If there is a tie in the gold medals, the country with more silver medals comes first.

If there is a tie in the silver medals, the country with more bronze medals comes first.

If there is a tie in the bronze medals, the countries with the tie are sorted in ascending order lexicographically.

Write an SQL query to sort the Olympic table

The query result format is shown in the following example.

Example 1:**

Input:

Olympic table:

country	gold_medals	silver_medals	bronze_medals
China	10	10	20
South Sudan	0	0	1
USA	10	10	20
Israel	2	2	3
Egypt	2	2	2

Output:

country	gold_medals	silver_medals	bronze_medals
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China	10	10	20	
USA	10	10	20	
Israel	2	2	3	
Egypt	2	2	2	
South Sudan	0	0	1	
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Explanation:

The tie between China and USA is broken by their lexicographical names. Since "China" is lex Israel comes before Egypt because it has more bronze medals.