

Table: Signups

Column Name	Type
user_id	int
time_stamp	datetime

user_id is the primary key for this table.

Each row contains information about the signup time for the user with ID user_id.

Table: Confirmations

Column Name	Type
user_id	int
time_stamp	datetime
action	ENUM

(user_id, time_stamp) is the primary key for this table.

user_id is a foreign key with a reference to the Signups table.

action is an ENUM of the type ('confirmed', 'timeout')

Each row of this table indicates that the user with ID user_id requested a confirmation message

Write an SQL query to find the IDs of the users that requested a confirmation message **twice

Return the result table in **any order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input: Signups table:

user_id	time_stamp
3	2020-03-21 10:16:13
7	2020-01-04 13:57:59
2	2020-07-29 23:09:44
6	2020-12-09 10:39:37

Confirmations table:

user_id	time_stamp	action
3	2021-01-06 03:30:46	timeout
3	2021-01-06 03:37:45	timeout
7	2021-06-12 11:57:29	confirmed
7	2021-06-13 11:57:30	confirmed
2	2021-01-22 00:00:00	

confirmed	2	2021-01-23 00:00:00	timeout	6	2021-10-23 14:14:14
confirmed	6	2021-10-24 14:14:13	timeout		

Output: user_id 2 3 6

Explanation: User 2 requested two messages within exactly 24 hours of each other, so we include them. User 3 requested two messages within 6 minutes and 59 seconds of each other, so we include them. User 6 requested two messages within 23 hours, 59 minutes, and 59 seconds of each other, so we include them. User 7 requested two messages within 24 hours and 1 second of each other, so we exclude them from the answer. “